

DAILY NEVADA STATE JOURNAL
C. G. FOWNING, Editor and Proprietor
MANUAL TRAINING.
Manual training is becoming a part of the course of study in many of the best schools of the United States. The latest announcement from the San Jose Normal School is that a first-class mechanic has been employed to devote all his time to this work, which will be required of students the same as any other branch. It comes in the second year and continues through an entire term. In the first lesson the use of the following tools will be taught: Hammer, square, level, saw, chisel, gauge, mill, plane, brace and bit, draw knife and spoke-shave. After some familiarity with tools has been acquired, the class solves problems in making a joint, making a square corner, making an oblique corner, miter cutting and fitting, mortise and tenon making, and dovetailing.
Manual training is evidently one of the subjects to be taken into consideration by those who are preparing courses of study for schools in Nevada.
Like spelling, reading, writing and book keeping, a knowledge of the use of tools is an indispensable part of a practical education.

PERILS OF THE ELECTRIC WIRE.
The Washington Post says:
The daily peril of the live electric wire has been repeatedly shown, and, in fact, it is a tragedy in New York, as is frequently illustrated that the Hon. Bourke Cockran has made his argument before the general term on Friday last against electric current, under discouraging circumstances. At last the people are alive to the fact that the electric wire is a peril in the home, and that the seemingly quiet, content and harmless wire is full of secret, subtle and sudden danger.
Wonderful and valuable as the various uses of electric lighting are, it is generally felt that they cannot be allowed to continue to pose a permanent risk to life and limb, and a sacrifice of human life. It is better to return to methods that are fast becoming obsolete and to content ourselves with these than to be constantly exposed to a repetition of startling and horrifying catastrophes, revealing unforeseen dangers from which there is no safeguard.

But is there no safeguard? Must the advancing step of progress be turned backward, and shall we be constrained to forego the advantages in regard to the new light, which have come to us through a scientific discovery and the exercise of mechanical ingenuity? It would be strange if this age should answer these questions in the affirmative.
Mayor Grant believes, and in this most people will agree with him, that safety may be attained by putting the wires underground. With this end in view he is using all his authority and power to remove the wires from the streets. The committee affected will fight him for a time, but that he will win in the long run, that the wires will be buried and that no comparative safety will be secured no one doubts.

But, while electrical experts agree that such accidents have recently occurred in New York could not have happened if the wires had been underground, they hold that even with the wires buried, terrible accidents may occur if their insulation is imperfect or becomes defective. In such a case, steam, water or other pipes might become charged with the electric fluid and persons might be killed while passing a letter in a street-box or ringing a fire alarm.
The only safeguard, according to an eminent electrician, lies in restricting the high voltage of the currents now in use. He ridicules the idea that because the nature of the electric agent is unknown (though it is no more so than light) the application of the mysterious current is perplexing. Practical electricians are no more in doubt as to the proper application of any quantity and voltage of current than the professional engineer in calculating pressure by pounds or tons. The present companies, having had their own way, naturally employed high voltage, thin conductors and cheap insulation. With greater experience they will come to learn that there is no saving in the high voltage currents, since the saving on the expense of the conductors will be outweighed by the greater expense of maintaining the proper insulation.

Whatever Mr. Elison says on the question of electric lighting must be allowed for as the expression of an interested party, but he has gained as good a reputation for truth and honesty that what he says will have great weight. In a recent interview he is reported as saying: "I never was in favor of these high pressures, and though my own company has a very good business with a high pressure system I should be in favor of a law to reduce pressure to safe limits—in fact, sooner or later such laws will be adopted by every State for the reason that these dangerous systems are increasing rapidly and the danger will increase still more rapidly. The Edison Company uses a pressure in New York of only 220 volts. It has just arranged to supply 100,000 lights. It uses a low-pressure system and puts its wires underground."
It would seem, then, that electricity can be used with safety. The conditions under which it may be so used must be carefully studied, as has to be done in the case of water, fire, steam or other subterranean agencies. A stringent law must be enforced providing for its wise regulation and its proper employment.

The New Stamp.
Postmaster General Wainman has awarded the contract for furnishing adhesive postage stamps for the four years beginning January 1st, next, to the American Bank Note Company, of New York. The new stamps will be about one-eighth smaller than those in present use. The one-cent stamp will continue to be printed in blue, the two-cent stamp now printed in green will be printed in bright orange and changes will be made in some other denominations.

A paper of \$10,000 is offered for a copy of this paper containing a description of Drowbough's talking machine or telephone, printed between 1870 and 1876. The issue of the sale to award the Bell telephone patent will turn on the discovery of this paper. It is found one of the richest monopolies in the country will receive a staggering blow.

Millionaire W. W. Astor, late Minister to Italy, has written a novel entitled "Sporza," based on the Milanese song which has been translated. The novel is a semi-historical Italian romance.

ASCENDING THE SACK.
The Journal feels inclined to give Cassidy a hearing. In his last Sentinel he writes the following:
It is amusing to note with what promptitude a portion of the Republican press of Nevada will rush to the defense of the sack, no matter whether the sack be a foreign or a local one. A sack is a sack, and devil a bit do the Hessians care where it comes from. Nevada has become a stench in the nostrils of the civilized world because of the custom of the Republican party in this State in selling the high places within the gift of the people to non-resident plutocrats. No wonder Nevada is called the Rotten Borough; she is so called because she has won the name of distinction and deserves it. But why should our high offices be sold exclusively to Californians? Why not throw the market open to wider competition and invite bids from the millionaires of the East as well? A New Yorker would be quite as eligible and quite as acceptable as a San Francisco man. But the fact is not likely to be extended. So long as the Republican party of Nevada and the Central Pacific Railroad Company is one and the same thing, the latter will continue to supply our officers from San Francisco. And it is right so long as this alliance shall exist. The railroad furnishes the money with which the Republicans buy the State, in consideration of which it claims the right to, and does, name its own tools for the more important positions. The name of the Republican party of Nevada should be changed to read the Central Pacific Railroad party of Nevada. Then we would have things by the right name. But we are going to insist in the next election that a United States Senator from Nevada shall remain in the State not less than six nights out of the six years of his term.

OWYHEE WATER STORAGE.
The Pascuora Times-Review has this: County Surveyor E. C. MacClellan, who is gathering Elko county material and statistics for a report to the Senatorial committee on water storage, by order of the Board of County Commissioners, furnishes the Times-Review with the following notes concerning the water resources and storage capacity of the Owyhee.
The general fall of the river from the Elko road bridge to the head of the Owyhee canyon is 16 feet per mile. The fall from the head of the canyon to the proposed reservoir site, 2 1/2 miles below, is 60 feet, or 24 feet per mile. A dam 130 feet high would be 1,200 feet long on the top, and would flood about eight square miles an average depth of 60 feet and irrigate 120,000 acres of land. A dam 85 feet high and 300 feet long on the top would flood about one mile square an average depth of 40 feet and would irrigate 8,000 acres of land.
The dam of the dimensions first above described would perhaps store more water than the watershed would supply, which is only an area of about 324 square miles, while the last named might prove too small. Still the snow and rainfall in the mountains must be considerable, and water for irrigating would only be needed five months or less in the year. There are 350,000 acres of fine agricultural land as far as the Owyhee river is concerned, and the waters are accessible, and which only need irrigation facilities to render it both productive and profitable for tilling.

GUBERNATORIAL.
Cassidy says in the last Eureka Sentinel: Some months since we mentioned the name of Mr. E. D. Kelly, of the Silver State in connection with the Democratic nomination for the Governorship of Nevada in next year's election. Mr. Kelly has since informed us that he is not a candidate and would not accept the place. The field is now open to all comers, so far as the Democrats are concerned. The bank has been badly begun to pay the debt until the grace expires in the Spring. There are several of them who may not be able to survive the winter if it be a long and a hard one.

TRAVEL IN NEW YORK.
Steam and Horse Cars Not Rapid Enough For the Go-A-Head Residents of the Metropolis.
Special to the Journal.
New York, Oct. 31.—There are signs that an energetic effort will be made this winter to solve the problem of rapid transit. The present system of so-called rapid transit is as inadequate to the needs of the city as the horse-car system was when the elevated roads were first built. The marvelous growth of the city has overwhelmed it with a business greater than they can do. The roads being consolidated into one corporation, and being without competition, are managed with a complete disregard of the comfort and convenience of passengers.
The most serious indictment against the roads is that they do not furnish anything remotely resembling rapid transit.
Plans for cable elevated roads are now being considered, and an effort will be made if the cable system be found practicable to force the elevated roads to adapt it. If the locomotives were withdrawn the smoke and foul smells that now afflict the city would be removed, and the noise as well as the strain upon the structure would be greatly diminished.

The Home Missionary Ladies in Session.
Special to the Journal.
Indianapolis, Oct. 31.—The Eighth Annual Convention of the Women's Home Missionary Society of the Methodist Church began here today. The Vice President, Mrs. John Davis, of Cincinnati, presided, owing to the death of Mrs. R. B. Hayer, who was President of the Society. Memorial exercises to commemorate the life of Mrs. Hayer will be held to-night.

To the Death.
Special to the Journal.
Louisville, Ky., Oct. 31.—A Courier-Journal's Phoenix, Ky., special says: News reached here to-night that Judge Lewis came up with the Howard gang yesterday at Martin's Ford and killed six of them without losing a man. Judge Lewis is determined not to quit the chase until Howard and his gang are all killed or driven from the country.
The "Borville" Wins.
Special to the Journal.
Astoria, Oct. 31.—The ten thousand dollar bet brought against the Revere River Revolt, the daily newspaper published here, was decided by the jury last evening in favor of the paper. The two day's trial excited general interest.

AT THE MARTYR'S TOMB.
THE TUNNEL PRECINCT CASE STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION.
New Mexico's Governor Says It Is the Duty of the Government to Reclaim Arid Lands.

Special to the Journal.
Spartanburg, Ill., Oct. 31.—The All-American visitors arrived to-day, and were driven in the afternoon to Lincoln's tomb where a large crowd had gathered. Ex-Governor Oglesby spoke briefly of the necessity of the establishment of an Universal Brotherhood commercially, socially, morally and politically. General Peraza, son-in-law of President Monagas, who, while President of Venezuela, freed the slaves in that country, said that fifteen free American notions were present to-day to pay their respects to and render homage to a man respected and beloved by all alike. The tomb contained only ashes of the great man, but his real sarcophagus was in the heart of every living American, both North and South. Senator Alfonso, of Chile, said his visit was the result of a vow made years ago to visit the tomb of the man beloved throughout the Americas.
The visitors were driven to Lincoln's old home, and from thence returned to their hotel.

The Tunnel Precinct Case.
Special to the Journal.
HELENA, Mont., Oct. 31.—Judge De Wolf has sustained the motion of the Democrats and issued a peremptory order to have the Canvassing Board make returns of the Tunnel precincts. Motion of an appeal has been filed and an application made for a stay of proceedings.
HELENA, Mont., Oct. 31.—After the decision was rendered in the Silver Bow contest this morning the Canvassing Board, being ordered to count the votes cast in Tunnel precinct for McHatton Hall, the Republican member of the Canvassing Board asked a stay of proceedings until the case could be brought before the Supreme Court. E. C. Irvin, Democratic member of the Board, filed an affidavit that he was satisfied with the judgment and does not want an appeal. The question now before the Court is whether a minority of the Board has a right to appeal. The State Canvassing Board to-day commenced to canvass the votes, including those cast at Tunnel precinct.

New Mexico News.
Special to the Journal.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Governor Prince, of New Mexico, in his annual report, calls attention to land titles, which, he says, the late Surveyor-General made worse than they were before, by taking up cases settled twenty-five years ago and revising the decision of the Surveyor-General who had passed upon them. The Governor says that so long as titles are uncertain, so long is the prosperity of the Territory retarded. He also says that while the native population of New Mexico is illiterate, the white population is not so to any extent. On the subject of irrigation, the Governor says the people think it is much the business of the Government to reclaim immense areas now useless for cultivation as it is to improve harbors or rivers. Cattle raising, the Governor says, has been in a depressed condition throughout the year on account of low prices.

Schools for Indian Boys.
Special to the Journal.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—Commissioner of Indian Affairs Morgan has elaborated a system of education for the Indian youths of school age now under control of the Indian Bureau. It is practically the American public school system adapted to the special requirements of the Indians. The industrial feature is to receive special prominence. The scheme contemplates the organization of perhaps twenty-five grammar schools, fifty primary or home schools and enough day or camp schools to reach all who cannot be brought into boarding schools. It is proposed to develop a full high school course in at least three Indian schools, Carlisle, Haskell and Cheyenne. Congress will be asked to make sufficient appropriation to enable the Indian office at an early day to bring every Indian youth of school age under proper instruction.

A Vessel Seized.
Special to the Journal.
PORT TOWNSEND, Oct. 31.—Government officials seized the American bark R. K. Ham, owned by Renton & Holmes, of San Francisco, for customs violations, on arrival from the Hawaiian Islands this morning. The bark cleared from here six weeks ago, but owing to an oversight neglected to secure a register for foreign trade. The vessel is valued at \$20,000. Representations have been made to Washington which it is believed will cause the vessel's release.

The New States.
Special to the Journal.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—It is expected the proclamation admitting the two Dakota into the Union as States will be issued to-morrow. The proclamation admitting Montana is delayed by the controversy over the counting of the Territorial vote. It is said nothing has yet been received at the White House indicating the elections held in Washington, so there is no information on which to base a proclamation of Statehood.
Body Recovered.
Special to the Journal.
NEVADA CITY, Oct. 30.—The body of Ed. Husey, who was buried by a cave-in at the Drift mine, near You Bet, was recovered late this afternoon.

CHINESE HIGHBINDER TRY TO KILL AN OBNOXIOUS COUNTRYMAN.
A Nevada County Murderer Gets Off Easy—Quicksilver Mine Sold.

Special to the Journal.
Brooklyn, N. Y., Oct. 31.—James W. Russell, a wealthy resident of the Twenty-first Ward, was found dead in his bed at his home, No. 121 1/2 Summer avenue, at 8:30 o'clock last evening.
An overdose of chloroform is supposed to have caused death. A bottle containing a mixture of that drug was found under Russell's body. It is surmised that he took an overdose with suicidal intent, but his friends will not admit this.

Mr. Russell was 44 years of age. He was proprietor of a distillery in the Eastern District. For some time back he had been confined to the house with a severe attack of bronchitis. His physician prescribed a mixture of chloroform to quiet his patient. He swallowed more than half the contents about midnight on Wednesday, and at once fell into an unconscious state. His condition was discovered early yesterday morning by his wife.
All efforts to revive Mr. Russell proved unavailing. The dead man leaves four children. His home was one of the handsomest in that portion of the city.

A Babe Taken From Its Convict Mother.
Special to the Journal.
COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 31.—Mrs. Garrett, whose death sentence for killing two step-children and its subsequent commutation to imprisonment for life attracted so much attention about a year ago, is about to lose her baby, the only solace she has had in her wretched prison hours. It was born in jail while she was awaiting trial, and its existence probably saved her from the gallows. Her husband has secured a divorce from her and the custody of the child. It will nearly break her heart to part with it.

No Constitutional Barrier.
Special to the Journal.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 31.—At the request of Secretary Noble, Assistant Attorney-General Shields has rendered an opinion to the effect that there is nothing in the constitution of the Cherokee Nation which can prevent any legal obstacle to the relinquishment of the Cherokee claim of title to outlet lands. This will enable the Cherokee Commission to complete their negotiations with the consent of the Cherokee Council.

The Colored Brethren.
Special to the Journal.
CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—The negro question was the principal subject for discussion in the meeting of the American Missionary Association to-day. Col. J. M. Keating, of Memphis, said deportation would be utterly impossible, for if the colored people departed it would be greatly against the interests of the South. The thing to be done is to let the negro alone, give him his rights, education and Christianization.

Cronin Case Testimony.
Special to the Journal.
CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—In the Cronin case this afternoon John W. Sampson testified that about two years ago Coughlin tried to hire him to "slug" Dr. Cronin. On cross-examination, Sampson admitted that Coughlin had arrested him three or four times—once for robbery; that he had been convicted of passing counterfeit money, and that he is a gambler by profession.

The Highbinders at Work.
Special to the Journal.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—Mols Lem, a Chinaman who had testified against Ng Yuen, who was convicted of murder yesterday, was fired upon by six highbinders this afternoon in Chinatown. Some of Mols Lem's friends who were standing near returned the fire, and two men were slightly injured. Four arrests were made.

For His Uncle's Murder.
Special to the Journal.
DENVER, Oct. 31.—Judge Campbell, of El Paso county, arrived in this city last night, and to-day heard the habeas corpus proceedings in the case of O. W. Hatch, of Boston, who is charged with the murder of his uncle. The prisoner was admitted to bail in the sum of \$25,000, which he immediately furnished.

Mining Sale.
Special to the Journal.
HOLLISTER, Cal., Oct. 31.—O. W. Harris and M. A. Lenham, representing San Francisco and New York mining capital, to-day completed the purchase of the Gypsy quicksilver mine, fifteen miles east of Hollister.

The Report Denied.
Special to the Journal.
NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—General Barillas, President of Guatemala, sends a telegram to Senator Baiz, Guatemala's Consul-General in this city, saying the reports of a revolution there are false.

Guilty.
Special to the Journal.
NEVADA CITY, Oct. 31.—The jury in the case of David Steel, charged with the murder of Peter Chappel at the town of Washington last August, this evening returned a verdict of murder in the second degree, and recommended the prisoner to the Court's mercy.

From the Arctic.
Special to the Journal.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—The United States arctic Bear arrived from the Arctic last night.
The Mail Matters.
Special to the Journal.
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.—San Francisco 5, Oakland 5.

IS A FOLLOWER OF DR. M'GLYNN ENTITLED TO A CATHOLIC BURIAL?
That Is the Question Raised by the Death of a Wealthy New York Widow.

Special to the Journal.
New York, Oct. 31.—The sudden death yesterday of Mrs. Theresa Kelly, a loyal follower of Rev. Dr. McGlynn, and a devoted friend of Rev. Dr. Bartlett, the pastor of the Church of the Epiphany, will probably be the cause of another controversy between the Church authorities, the Anti-Poverty people and their sympathizers. Miss Kelly died suddenly at her residence, No. 67 East Twelfth street. She was much respected and had a large circle of friends. From the day that Dr. McGlynn left St. Stephen's Church she stopped going there, although she had been a communicant at its altar for years. Notwithstanding the excommunication attending upon all those who frequented Dr. McGlynn's meetings, Miss Kelly was a well-known figure at these evening gatherings. In the morning she went to the Church of the Epiphany, of which Dr. Bartlett is rector. He has been known for a long time to be a sympathizer of Dr. McGlynn. Miss Kelly approached the Sacraments regularly, having Dr. Bartlett as her spiritual director, and an intimate friend stated last night that he was also her adviser in temporal matters.

It has been over a year since the decree excommunicating from the Catholic Church all those who attended the meetings of Dr. McGlynn's society was promulgated. It was read at all the churches by the different pastors. One of the penalties of excommunication to those who die without having the ban removed is the refusal of what is known as Christian burial—interment in ground blessed and consecrated by the Church. This also includes service in the church. Now the question comes up, will Dr. Bartlett hold services in his church, and, should he do so, what will the Church authorities do? Dr. Bartlett was out of town yesterday, but will return to-day.

Arrested for an Accomplish.
Special to the Journal.
WEAVERVILLE, Cal., Oct. 31.—The Constable arrived this evening with Walter Flynn, who was arrested at New River Monday and held by Justice Mylott to answer on the charge of being an accomplice in the robbery of mail carrier Gray, August 6th. The tuition and money was found in Flynn's possession.

A Prize Fight.
Special to the Journal.
LOS ANGELES, Oct.—Pete McCoy, of Boston, knocked out Ed. Cuffie, of San Francisco, in two rounds to-night. The fight lasted just four and a quarter minutes.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and economy. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alums or phosphates now on the market. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 105 Wall Street, New York.

FIFTY-CENT COLUMN.
All classes of legitimate advertisements not exceeding six lines, inserted in this column at 50 Cents per Week.

George Krog has lots of pretty things to sell. And all that he wants to tell. Don't be afraid to stop in and see. For George is not so bad as he looks to be.

House for Sale or Rent.
The residence of ten rooms on North Sierra street, formerly occupied by General C. W. Rooton. Will sell or rent. Apply to O. W. BOOTON, Opera House Dry Goods Store, or O. T. BENDER, First National Bank.

Situation Wanted.
As dining-room waitress in hotel or restaurant. No objection to a position in the country. Address LOCK BOX, 496, Reno, Nevada.

Wood to Cut.
J. P. Fouka wants from 500 to 1,000 cords of Sitka wood cut at Verdi.

Wanted.
A woman with a child would like a situation to do housework. Country preferred. Address H. L. J., Reno, Nevada.

John Sunderland,
DEALER IN MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
And Gents' Furnishing Goods.
ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN
Fine French FLANNELS,
Beautiful Striped Designs,
The Finest Shirts ever offered for sale in the town.
IMPORTED
Oxfords and Cheviots,
A Very Large Variety of Patterns. These Goods will be Very Popular for This Spring and Summer.
Silk Shirts in Stripes and Plaids,
HANDSOME COLORINGS AND DESIGNS
CUFFS, COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
Silk and Viana Underwear.
The Finest Assortment of NECK WEAR on the Coast.
FINE BOOTS AND SHOES
In Ladies', Misses', and Children's.
Men's Fine Hand-sewed Kangaroo and French Calf.
In Every Width from A to EE.
All will be sold at New York Prices.
F. LEVY & BRO.

RENO'S ATTRACTIVE F. LEVY & BRO'S
Dry Goods, Cloak and Carpet Store.
LARGEST STOCK, FINEST GOODS, LOWEST PRICES.
ONE PRICE TO ALL.
H. J. THYES.

H. J. THYES,
—WHOLESALE DEALER IN—
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
First National Bank Building, Reno, Nevada.
Sole Agent for the State of Nevada for Schmidt & Co.'s Sarsaparilla and Iron Water, from Stockton, Cal.
And Idanha Mineral Water and Ginger Ale from Idaho Soda Springs.
I also handle Sierra Beer from Boon, Cal., exclusively. Trade and Families supplied. Good delivered free of charge in town.
FIRST-CLASS SIDEBOARD.

W. O. H. MARTIN,
—DEALER IN—
Shelf Hardware, Bar Iron, Barbed Wire,
Steel, Cumberland Coal, Lime, Plaster, Cement,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS
Buckeye and all Other Kinds of Machine Extras a Specialty.
GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TINWARE AND CROCKERY.
Agent for Empire Mower.
Commercial Row, Reno, Nevada.

R. W. PARRY,
PROPRIETOR OF
EVERYBODY'S
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable,
STOCK CORRALS AND SCALES,
Reno, Nevada. First-Class Turnouts by Transient Jack Carefully Provided For.
CHARGES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
T. K. MYNICK,
TELEPHONE LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.
Our Stable and Second St., Reno, Nev.
Visiting San Francisco
CAN RETURN HOME WITH A PRESENT that will not fail to please friend and foe.
PORTRAITS
TAKEN INSTANTANEOUSLY BY
THE WORLD-WIDE KNOWN PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST
J. T. DODD, 211 CAL. ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.
MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF J. T. RYD, deceased. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, J. T. Dodd, of the County of Washoe, State of Nevada, has been appointed administrator of the estate of J. T. Ryd, deceased, and will receive and pay the debts of said estate, and will distribute the assets of said estate to the persons entitled thereto. J. T. DODD, Administrator.

